

Thailand Sepsis Movement

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The high incidence and mortality rate of patients with sepsis in the recent years has led the critical care physicians develop specific strategies aimed to improve the outcome of these patients. In Thailand, the process of developing strategic plan consisted of a clear process for planning that involves all levels of health-care providers as well as patients with sepsis in order to move beyond the traditional methodology to create operational effectiveness. We set 3 R (Recognition Resuscitation Refer ICU) and 2 P (Prevention and Palliative) strategy for sepsis management. Empowerment of nurses and physicians in all organizations or the departments to mobilize hospital resources for taking care of patients with sepsis and implementation a co-operative sepsis management protocol between community hospitals and tertiary referral hospital was the key to improve outcomes.

References:

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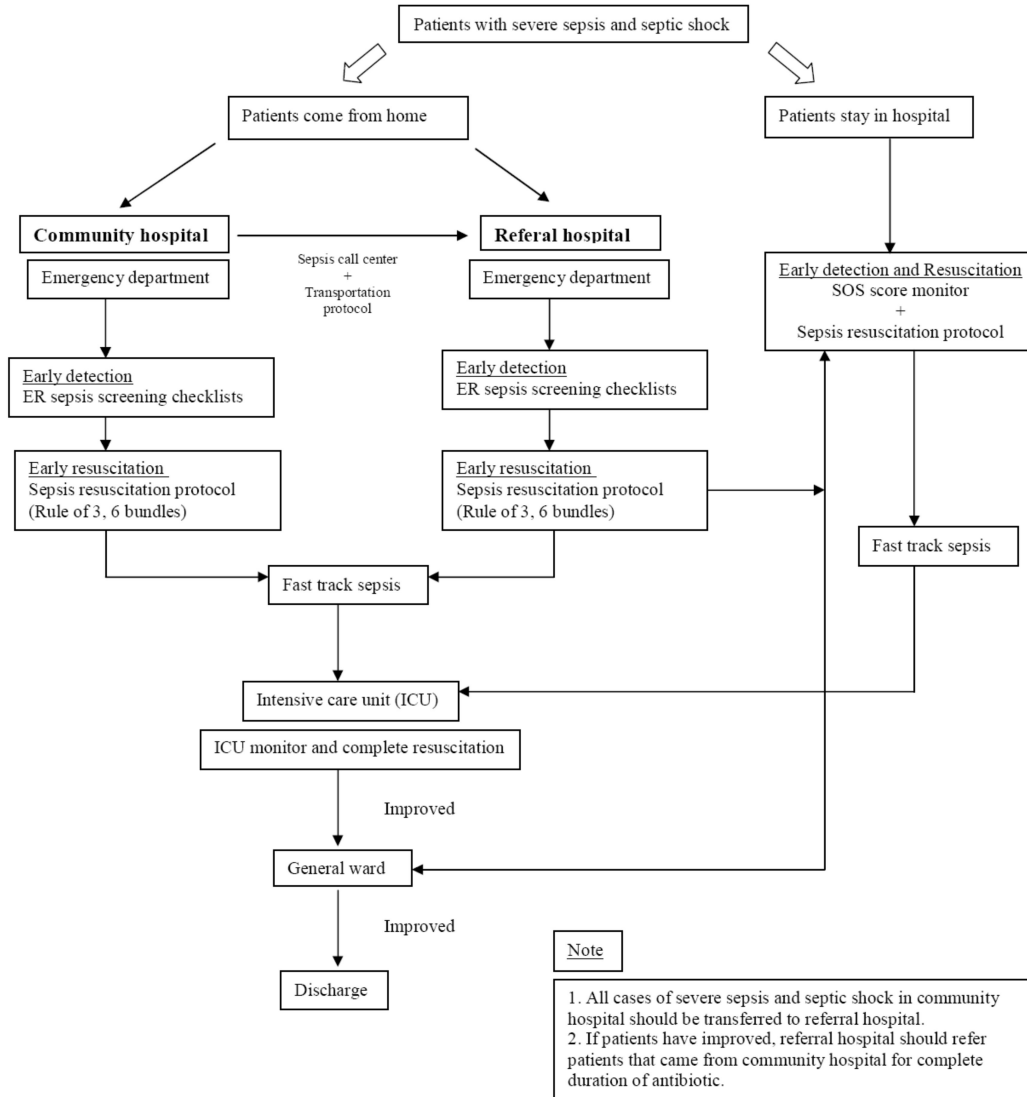


Figure 1. Severe sepsis and septic shock strategy in Phitsanulok, Thailand